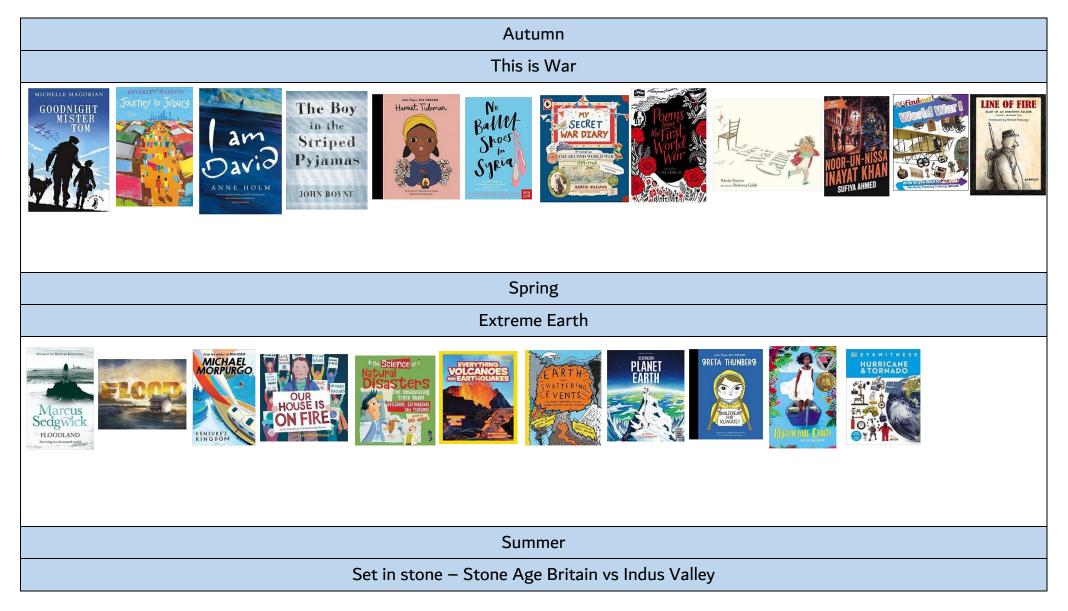
Y6 English Long term Plan

Key Literature





Торіс	This is war	This is war							
Term	Autumn 1				Autumn 2				
Writing Unit and	Narrative	Biography	Poetry	Narrative	Recounts	Recounts			
Outcome	Write a narrative	Write a biography linked	Read, write and	Write a narrative from a	Write a diary entry	Write letter and diary			
(Entertain,	linked to life in	to Black History Month	perform poems linked	personal point of view	from a characters	recounts linked to			
inform,persuade)	trenches		to them of war		point of view	evacuation			
Outcome details	Write a short story	Select a specific style and	Identify the audience	Plan and write a story,	Select a specific style	Write letters and diary			
	with a distinct	form to suit a specific	for and purpose of the	where dialogue is used	and form to suit a	entries where Information is			
	atmosphere eg	audience.	writing, selecting the	to develop	specific audience.	prioritized according to			
	suspense, panic,		appropriate form, using	characterisation and		importance and a frame of			
	humour etc,		other similar writing as	move the action		response set up for the			
			models for their own	forward.		reply.			
Key Text/Stimuli	Beyond the lines - Literacy shed	Lankan HE SHARE Harat Tubran Heret Tubran		David David	L am David ANRE HOLM T	GOODNIGHT HISTORY 1000			

Grammar	 Recap of key Y5 objectives Relative clauses Degrees of possibility using adverbs/modal verbs Cohesive devices Linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials 	 Layout devices [for example, headings, sub- headings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text] Use of the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses 	 How words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms 	 Linking ideas across paragraphs using a range of cohesive devices and ellipsis Use of semi-colon, colon, dash to mark boundary between independent clauses 	 Structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices 	 The difference between structures typical of informal speech and structures appropriate for formal speech and writing Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices. 	
Sentence Construction (Alan Peat) Reading Whole class reading texts -	 Personification Short sentences Outside (inside) sentences The more, the more sentences 	 Ad, same ad De: De If, if, if, then Irony Irony 		 De: De sentences 3 bad – dash question sentences Imagine; 3 examples sentences 	 3 bad – dash question sentences Irony 	 De: De sentences 3 bad – dash question sentences Imagine; 3 examples sentences 	
VIPERS Topic Term Writing Unit and Outcome(Entertain, inform,persuade,	Write a narrative for a Write an explanation Write a Cinquain Write a recount of an Travel				Persuasion Travel Brochure for volcano world	Discussion Write a balanced argument linked to global	
discuss)		/earthquakes/tsunamis	disasters			warming/climate change	

Outcome details	Plan and write story using expressive and figurative language, describing how characters feel; adding detail of sights and sounds	Plan, compose, edit and refine an explanation text; focusing on clarity	Plan and compose using appropriate vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning	Paragraphed events, which are detailed and engaging Clear chronology throughout the piece by directing the reader to time and place Information is prioritised to the reader	Use persuasive language techniques to deliberately influence the reader.	Plan, compose, edit and refine a balanced discussion; presenting two sides of an argument.
Key Text/Stimuli	FLOOP	EVERYTHING DICANCES	E ARTH SHATTERING E VENTS	ENVIRENT CONTRACTOR	PLANET EARTH EARTH EARTH	HOUSE IS HOUSE IS CONFIDENCE CONF
Grammar	 Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices Use of the semi- colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses 	 Layout devices [for example, headings, sub- headings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text] Use of the colon to introduce a list, use of semi-colons within lists Punctuation of bullet points to list information 	 How words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms 	 Layout devices [for example, headings, sub-headings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text] Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices 	 Layout devices [for example, headings, sub- headings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text] Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices 	 The use of subjunctive forms such as <i>If <u>I were</u></i> or <u>Were they</u> to come in some very formal writing and speech Use of the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses
Sentence Construction (Alan Peat)	 Personification Short sentences Outside (inside) sentences The more, the more sentences Imagine; 3 examples sentences 	 One word, one phrase definition De: De NOUN, who/ which/ where sentences 	 Personification Similes 	 Irony NOUN, who/ which/ where sentences 	 Imagine 3 examples If, if, if, then Ad, same ad Personification 	 Imagine 3 examples If, if, if, then Last word, first word NOUN, who/ which/ where sentences One word, one phrase definition 3 negative ad

Reading	MICHAEL	Deborah Ellis The Bregdwinner	Womer without Foundam
Whole class		Drega winner	Marcus
reading texts -	KENSUKES	frit.	Sedgwick
VIPERS	KINGDOM		

Торіс	pic Set in stone – Stone Age Britain vs Indus Valley								
Term	Summer 1			Summer 2					
Writing Unit and Outcome (Entertain, inform,persuade)	Narrative To plan and write a mythical narrative with flashbacks	Non-Chronological Reports	Poetry Narrative	Narrative To write a retelling of a myth from a different culture	Playscripts To plan and write a playscript of an Indus myth	Persuasion Speech/Letter Write a speech linked to making a positive change			
Outcome details	Plan and write a non- linear story, arranging paragraphs carefully, using a range of connecting devices to signal that the narrative is moving back or forward in time.	Write a report in an informal style, selecting correct vocabulary and grammatical structures that reflect the level of formality required.	Narrative poems tell a story, usually about a very specific moment in time. They can be written in rhyme and with strict rhythmic pattern but are most often in free verse.	Plan and write an extended short story using expressive and figurative language,	Plan and write a playscript which includes stage directions as well as bold/italic writing to show how something is spoken.	Adapt a piece of writing for different audiences and in different forms, shifting levels of formality eg a formal speech and an informal speech.			
Key Text/Stimuli	WOLF BROTHER MICHELE PAVER	PERFENSION PERFECT	HUNTERS CALLER CALLER CALLER MINICIA WILLION MINICIA WILLION	Letter	NARRY (FIFE) SEASONS OF Stories India				
Grammar	 Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices Use of the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses 	 Layout devices [for example, headings, sub- headings, columns, bullets, or tables, to structure text] Use of the colon to introduce a list, use of semi-colons within lists Punctuation of bullet points to list information 	 How words are related by meaning as synonyms and antonyms How hyphens can be used to avoid ambiguity 	 Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices Use of the semi-colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses 	 Use of the semi- colon, colon and dash to mark the boundary between independent clauses Punctuation of bullet points to list information 	Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices			
Sentence Construction (Alan Peat)	 Personification Short sentences Outside (inside) sentences 	 One word, one phrase definition De: De 	Personification Irony	 Personification Short sentences Outside (inside) sentences 	 Personification Short sentences Outside (inside) sentences 	 Imagine 3 examples If, if, if, then Ad, same ad 			

		The more, the more sentences		NOUN, who/ which/ where sentences	•	The more, the more sentences	•	The more, the more sentences	•	Personification
		Imagine; 3 examples		•	•	Imagine; 3 examples	•	Imagine; 3 examples		
		sentence	es			sentences		sentences		
	Reading	LOUIS SACHAR	LOUIS SACHAR	WID						
	Whole class	There's a Boy in the Girls' Bathroom	7	A CONTRACTOR						
r	eading texts -	athroom_	holes							
`	/IPERS									